



AMEDD Patient Safety Program A Dental Focus

Dental Patient Safety Coordinator

August 10, 2006





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INTRODUCTION

- Patient Safety Overview
- Addressing harm in healthcare: AMEDD Patient Safety Philosophy
- Effect a culture of safety
- AMEDD Reporting and Event Data

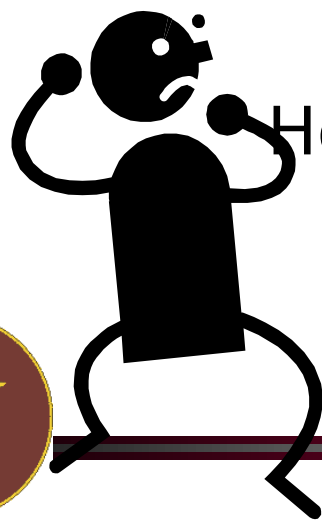




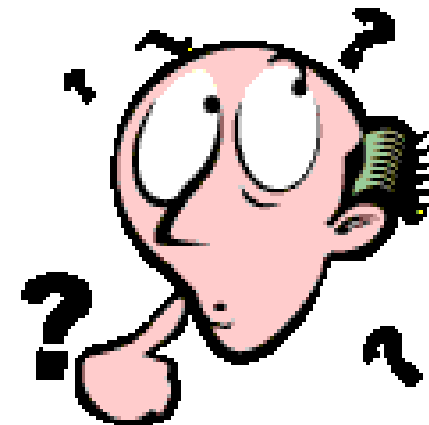
Why Patient Safety?

What is Patient Safety?

How can we improve what we do to keep
Patient's Safe?



How will this change what we do?





off the mark

by Mark Parisi

www.offthemark.com

SORRY, THE DRILL SLIPPED...BUT IF
YOU EVER WANTED A TONGUE STUD,
NOW WOULD BE THE TIME...





Why should DENTACs participate in Patient Safety Programs?

- The Dental Services are an integral part of health care for soldiers and beneficiaries.
- Dental Care Initiatives are consistent with many of the AMEDD Patient Safety Initiatives
- Systems improvement will help to make the Army's Dental Services a **High Reliability Organization**.
- The Federal Government mandated the Patient Safety Program





What is Patient Safety?

Actions undertaken by individuals and organizations to protect health care recipients from being harmed by the effects of health care services.











Goals of Patient Safety Program



- **Reduce the risk injury to patients caused by treatment**
- **Remove or minimize hazards that increase risk**



The “Swiss Cheese” Model of Accident Causation

(Reason, 1990)
An Army at War

Deployments

Dental Clinic 70 miles from hospital

Organizational Factors

Unsafe Supervision

Policy on Dental Records
Reserve component

Preconditions for Unsafe Acts

Patient “forgets” dental x-rays
“Time out” procedure not followed

Unsafe Acts

Wrong Tooth removed

“Latent” Failures in the System

Wrong Site Surgery

ACCIDENT & INJURY





How many people
actually set out to do
the wrong thing when
they come to work?





How do we look at safety?

Individuals or system problems

Fix problems before they harm patients

Actively speak up

Encourage the patient to ask questions

Give thanks to those who do look out for the safety of the patient

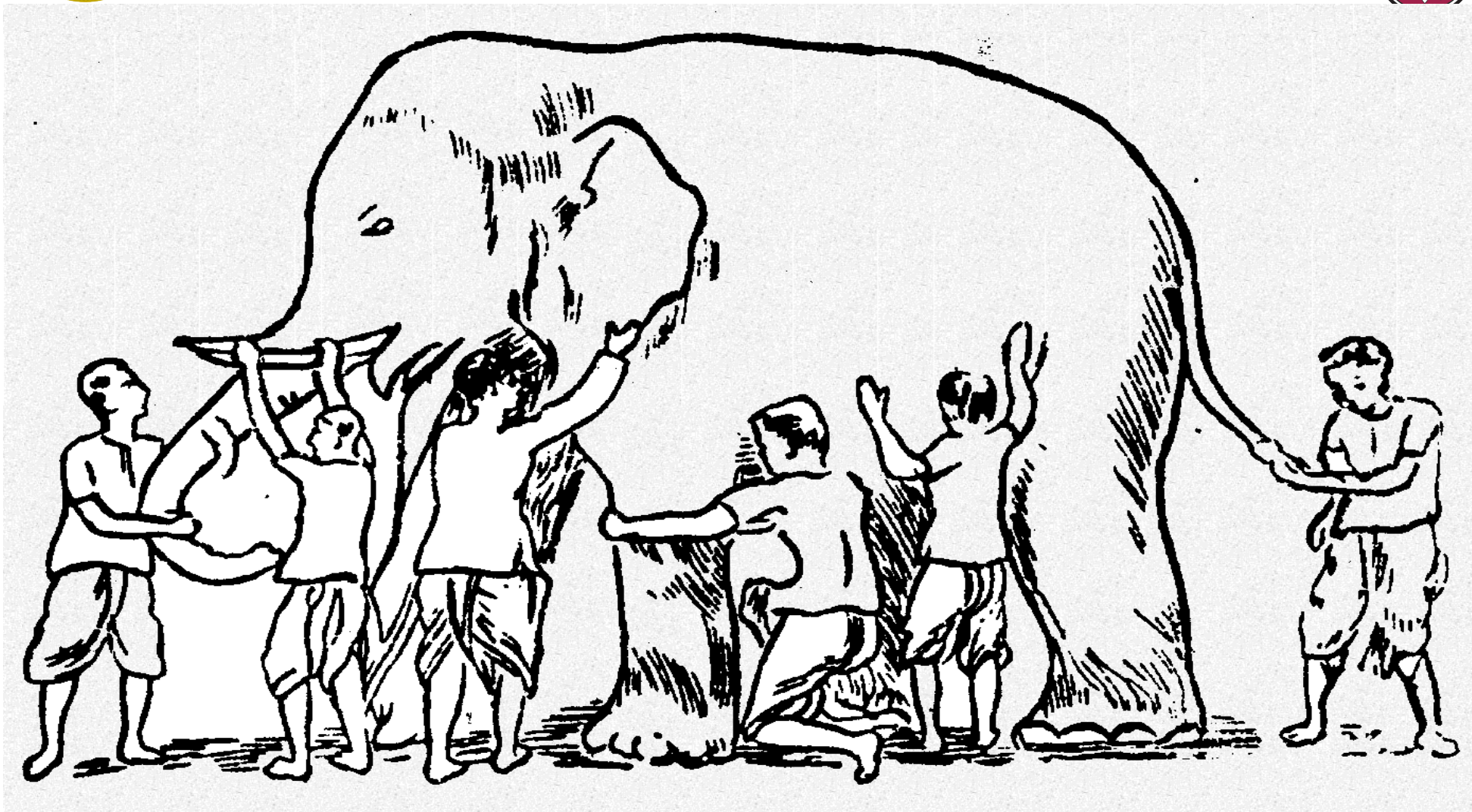




PS Program Priorities

- Event reporting and analysis
- Leadership culture – process and systems focused
- Staff culture - willingness to report patient safety events
- Education, training, & awareness





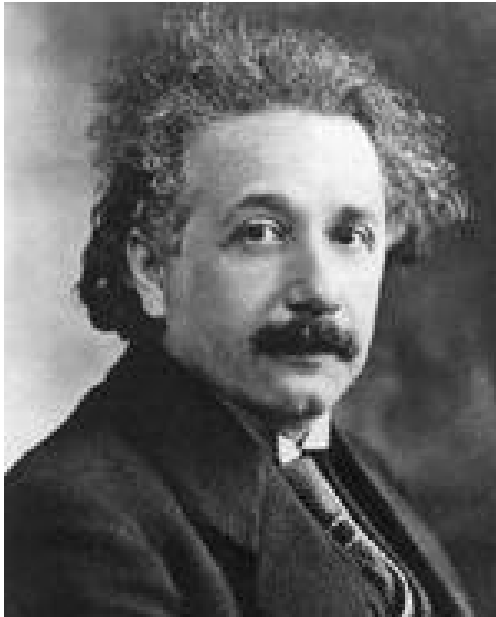


Examples of Dental Patient Safety events?



- Seating or treating the patient incorrectly “Wrong site surgery”
- Sterilization – non-sterile instruments used in patient care
- Swallowing/ aspiration of teeth or instruments “Retained foreign body”
- Radiographs: mounted up side down, incorrect view, incorrectly filed
- Equipment not properly maintained
- Lack of documented treatment plan





"Not everything that counts can be counted, and not everything that can be counted counts."

A. Einstein

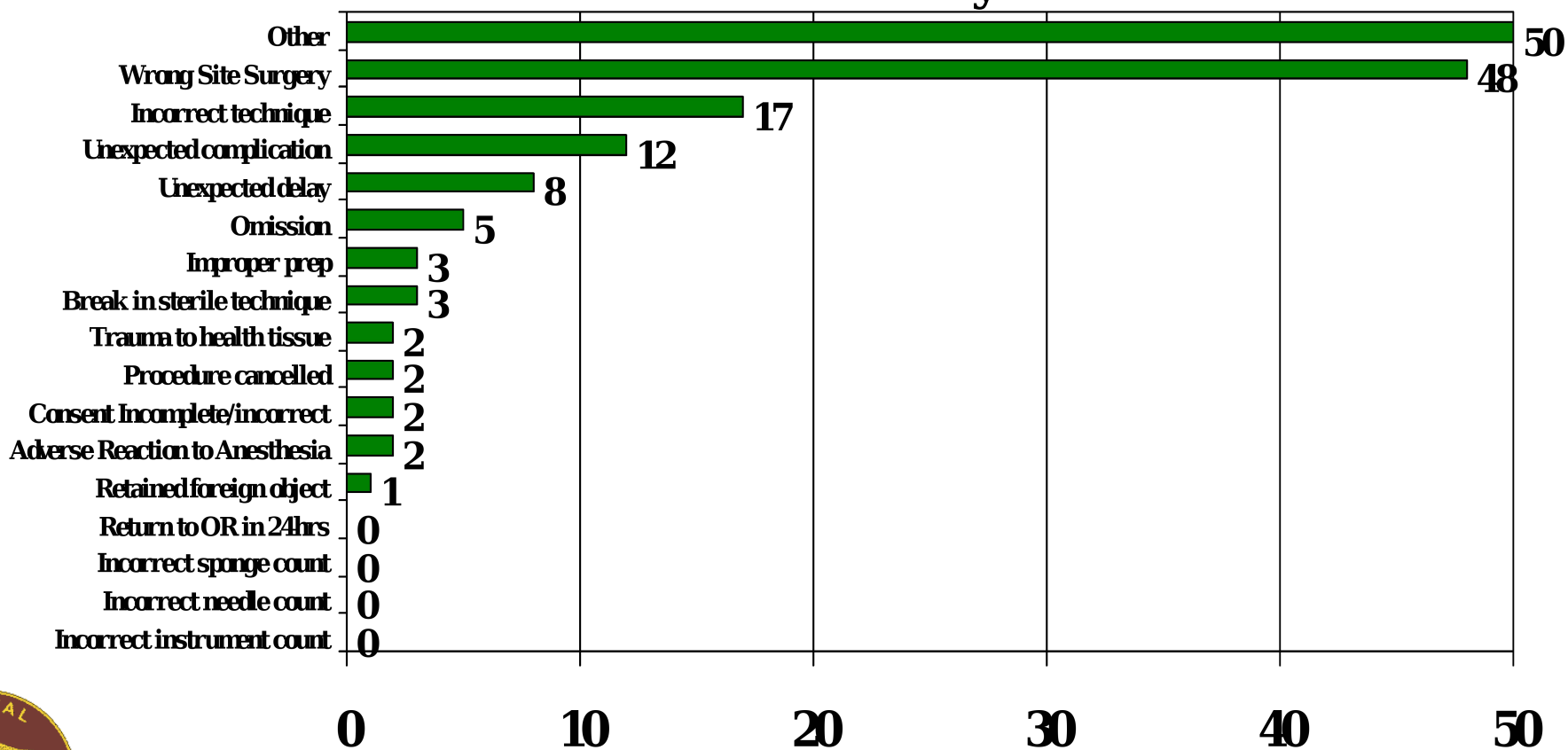




DENTAL PS

Sub-Categories of Operative Related Near Miss Events

Oct 04 - May 06

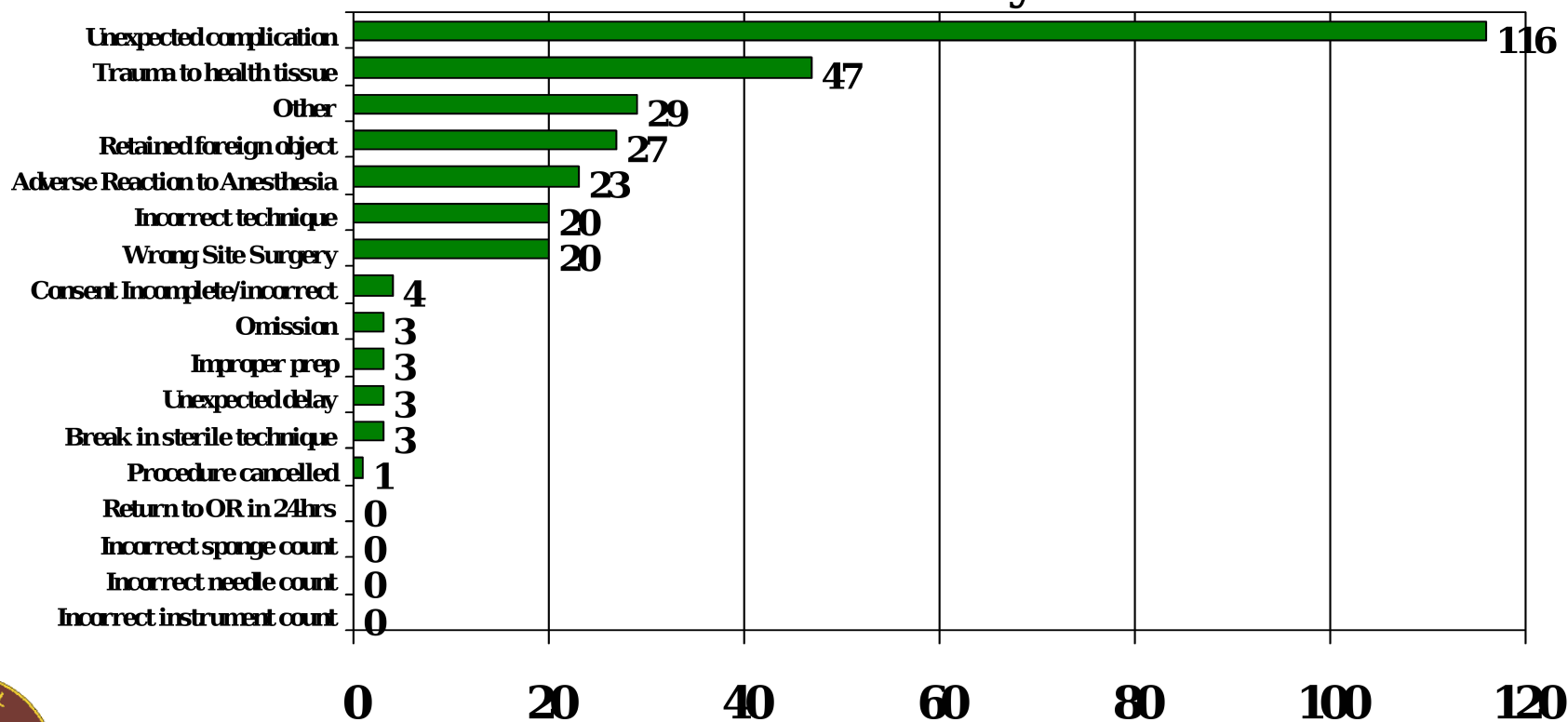




DENTAL PS



Sub-Categories of Operative Related Actual Events Oct 04 - May 06

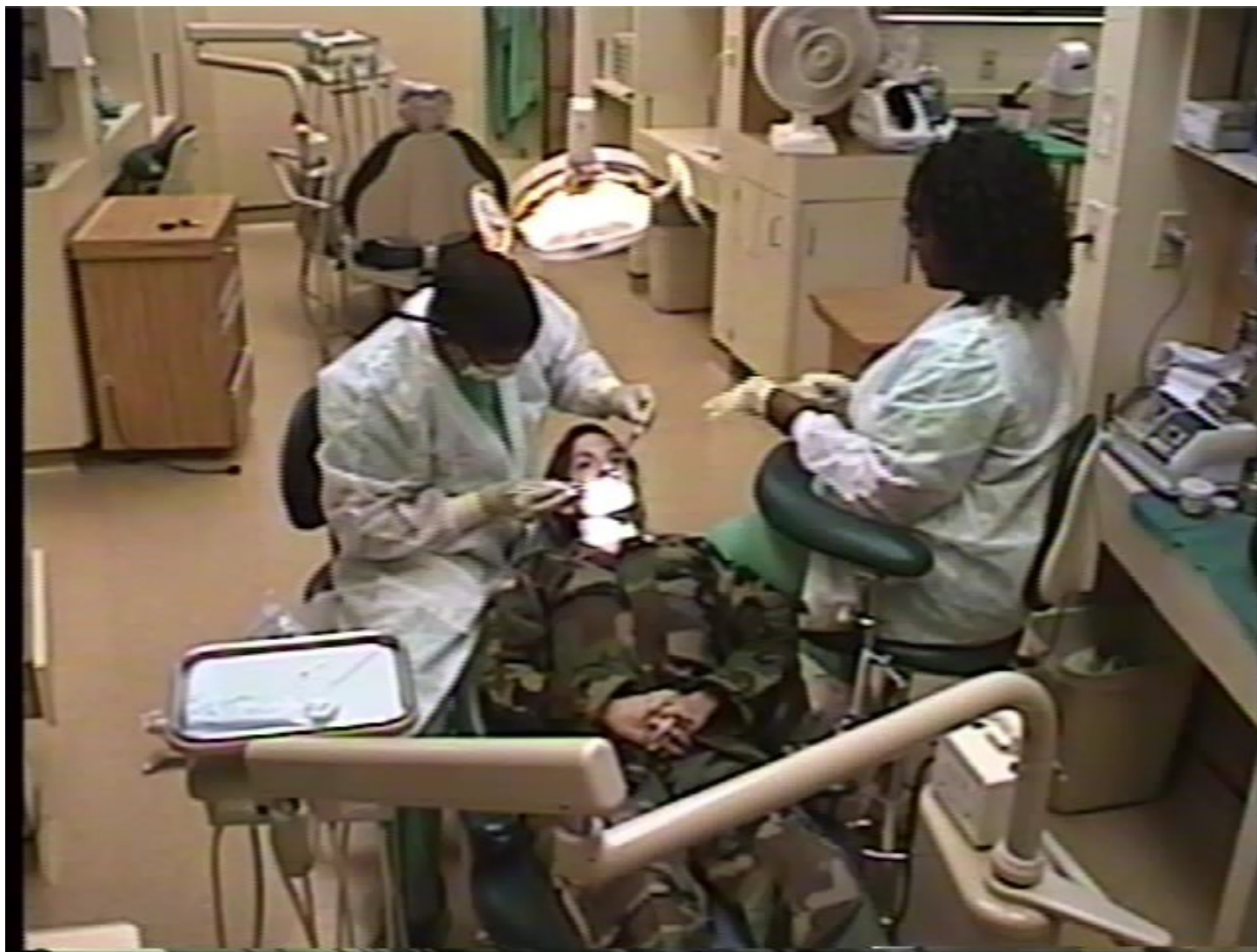


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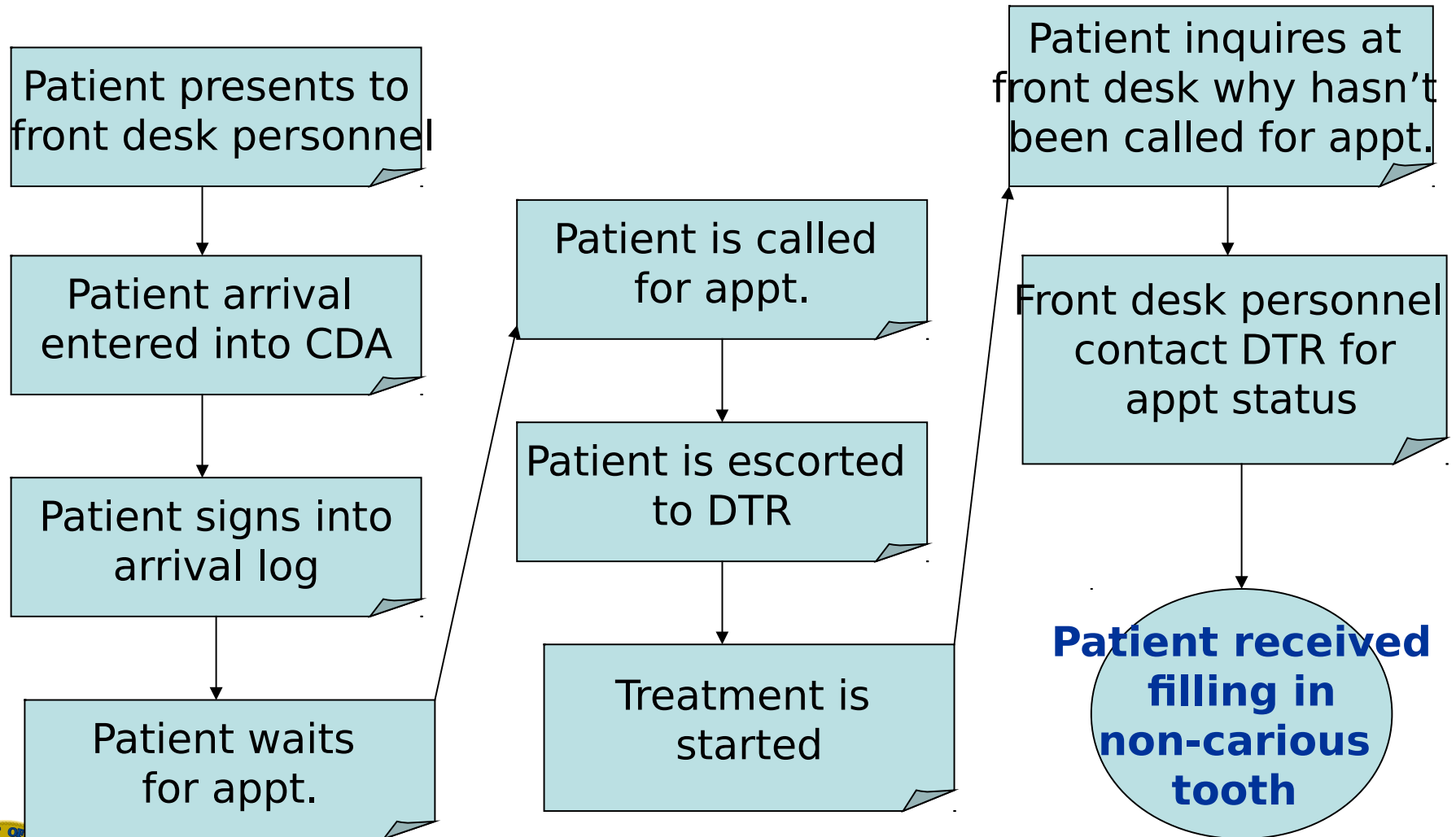
Wrong site surgery vignette







Case 2: Wrong Patient Seated, Wrong Patient Treated





Corporate Strategies

- Wrong Site Surgery Policy
- Two patient identifiers
- Time out
- Mark x-rays





Break in Sterile Technique

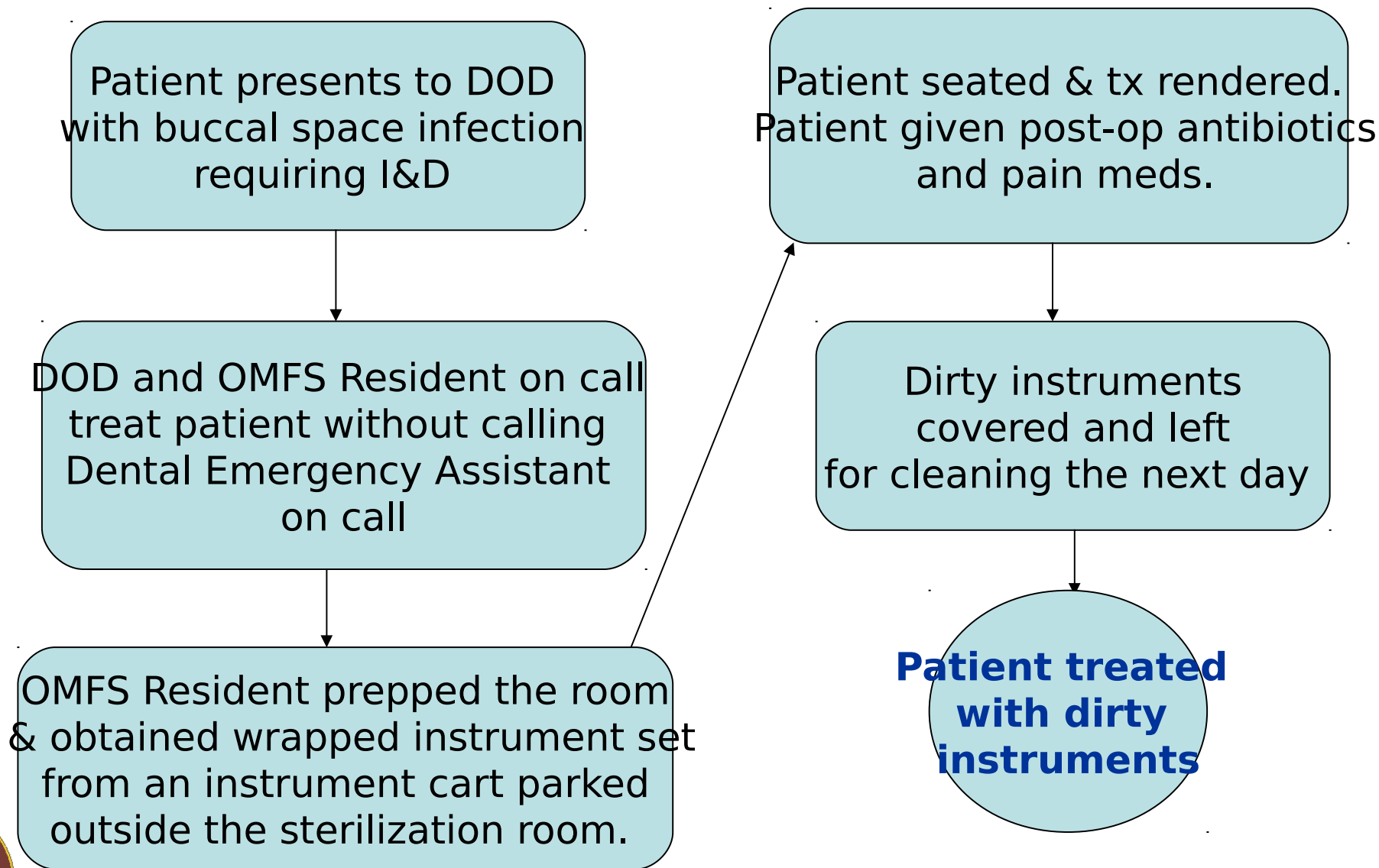
Deployed soldier requires follow up protocol for exposure after being treated with unsterile instruments







Break in Sterile Technique





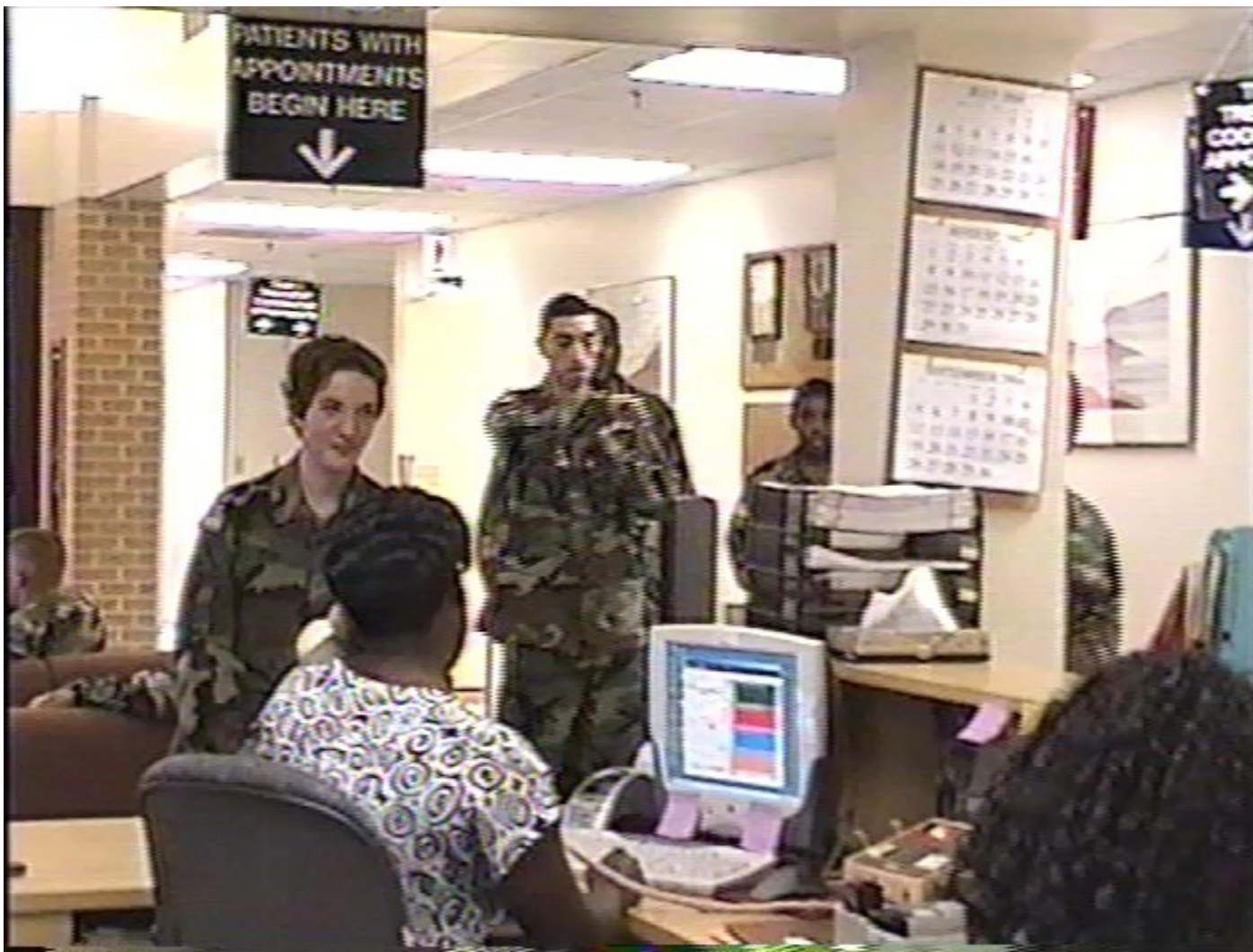
Corporate Policy

- Create after hours policy
- Create procedure for contingencies when sterilizer is down
- Ensure instruments are checked for tape change





Chaos vignette





Culture Profile of a High Reliability Organization

LEADERSHIP ROLE

Patient is at the center of all we do

Safety is highest priority

Open environment to discuss errors

Team members encouraged to speak up

Rewards for safe actions

Training for hazardous situations

Support staff when an error is made







Where is the baby?





How can we create a Safer Place for Patients?



- Team work/Communication
- Infection Control
- Time Out before procedures: right patient, procedure, side/level/site, equipment
- Emergency Situations – training simulation
- Radiographs
- Equipment failures – product recalls







How can we improve team work to promote Patient Safety?

- Communicate
- Communicate respect for team members
- Command/leadership support for non-punitive reporting
- Two Challenge rule
- Team Huddle





TEAM HUDDLE

- A brief pause at the beginning of any procedure to describe the plan for the patient
- Done by the person performing the procedure







Two Challenge Rule

- Any team member has the responsibility when they see an unsafe condition to question twice
- Respectfully phrased
- Aware of Patient Presence
- Challenge twice
- Now what





THE ROANOKE TIMES
Monday, September 20, 2004



STEPHANIE KLEIN-DAVIS | The Roanoke Times

Mellisa Williamson, 35, a Bullitt Avenue resident, worries about the effect on her unborn child from the sound of jackhammers.





Putting Patients in Patient Safety



- Education
- Health Literacy
- Listen
- Medications/ discharge instructions
- Informed consent
- Encourage participation
- Be a participating patient:
 - Know your medications
 - Request caregivers identify you appropriately
 - Request handwashing
 - Request information you can understand





Resources

REGULATORY

- DoD 6025.13
- AR 40-68 Quality Management in AMEDD
- MEDCOM Reg 40-41, The PS Program
- MEDCOM Cir 40-17, Surgical Site Verification

Patient Safety Materials

www.QMO.amedd.army.mil

Veterans Administration

www.patientsafety.gov





Think Change Think Communication Think Safety Think Patient

